

**62<sup>nd</sup> ERA  
CONGRESS**  
VIENNA & VIRTUAL  
JUNE 4-7, 2025

*Beyond Nephrology*

in collaboration with



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Österreichische  
Gesellschaft für  
Nephrologie

# ARO-C3, an investigational RNAi Therapeutic Targeting Complement C3, Reduces Proteinuria, Hematuria, and Complement Activity in IgAN Patients

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# Disclosures

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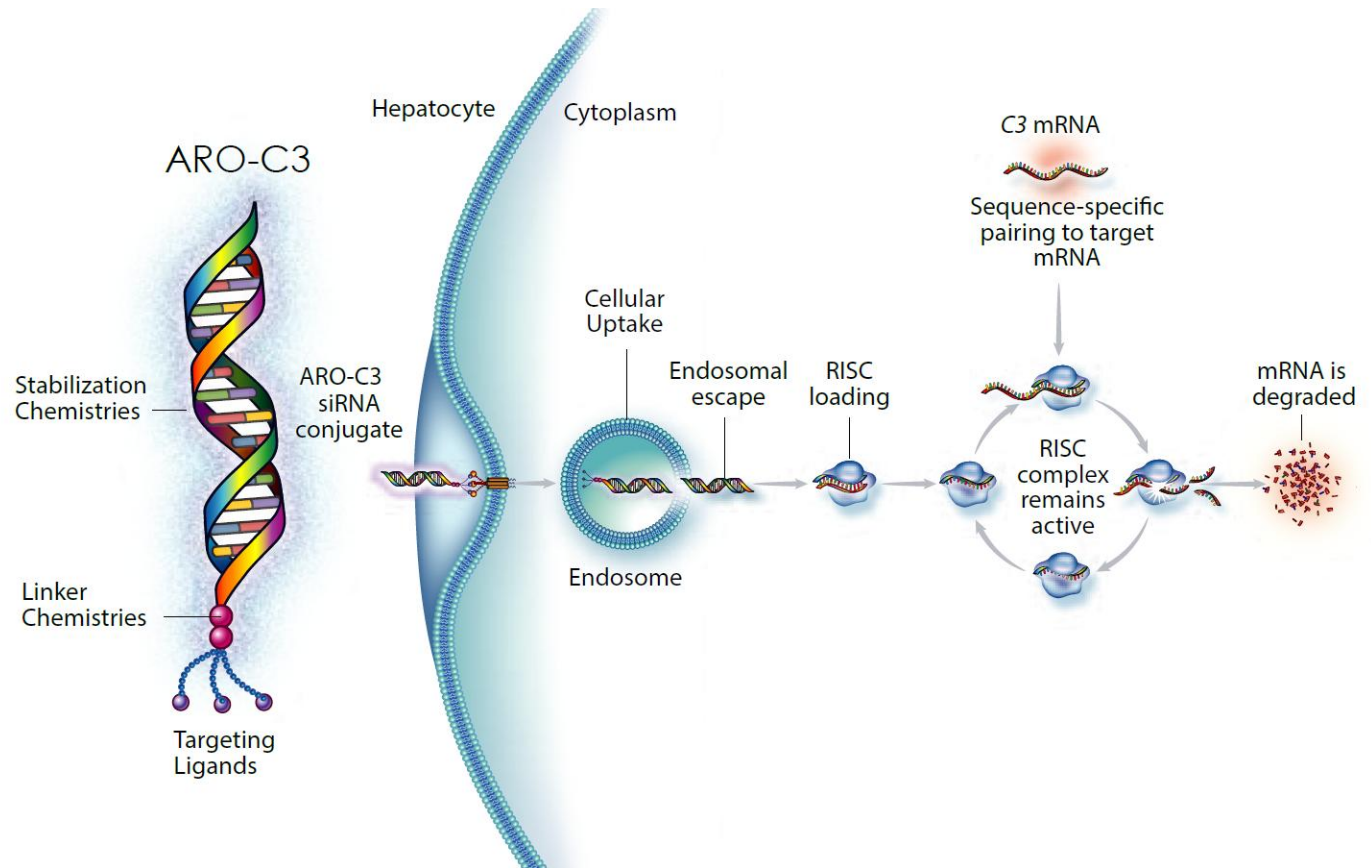
# Background

- Dysregulated activation of the complement cascade mediates tissue injury in complement-mediated kidney diseases such as IgA Nephropathy
- The central role of complement component 3 (C3) in the cascade makes it a unique therapeutic target for complement inhibition
- ARO-C3 is an siRNA designed to achieve potent and durable complement inhibition by targeting hepatic synthesis of C3

# ARO-C3 is Designed to Target and Silence C3 mRNA Expression in the Liver, Reducing Serum C3 Protein Levels

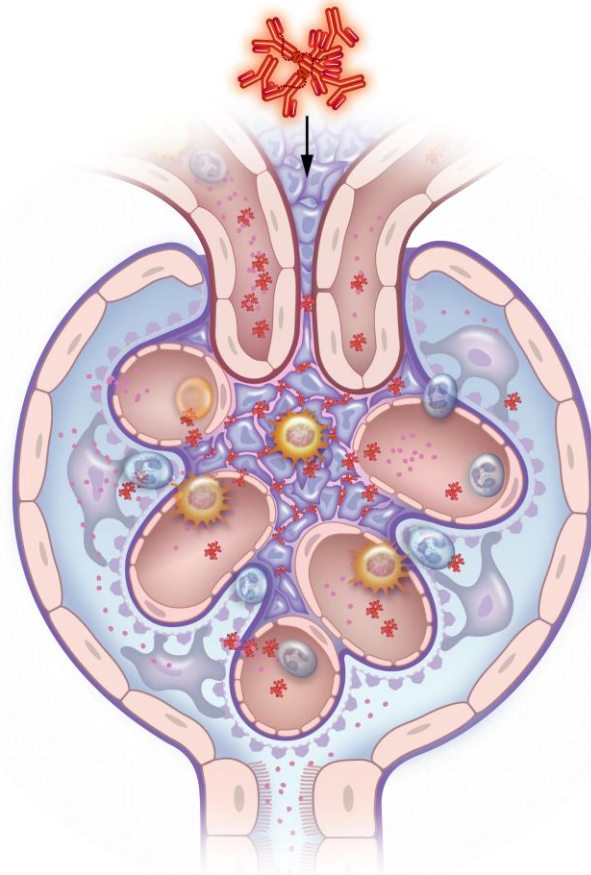
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- ARO-C3 is a synthetic, double-stranded oligonucleotide
- Chemical modifications enhance pharmacokinetics (PK) and pharmacodynamics (PD)
- The GalNAc (N-Acetylgalactosamine) ligand facilitates uptake into hepatocytes via asialoglycoprotein receptor



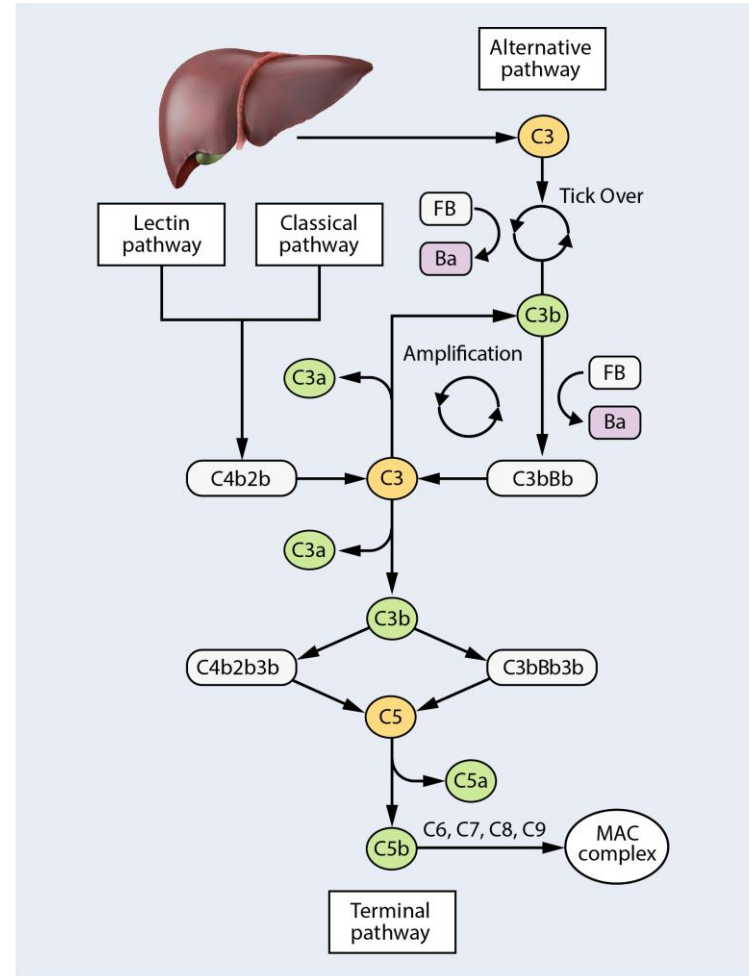
# Complement Mediates Glomerular Injury in IgAN

Gd-IgA-containing Immune Complexes



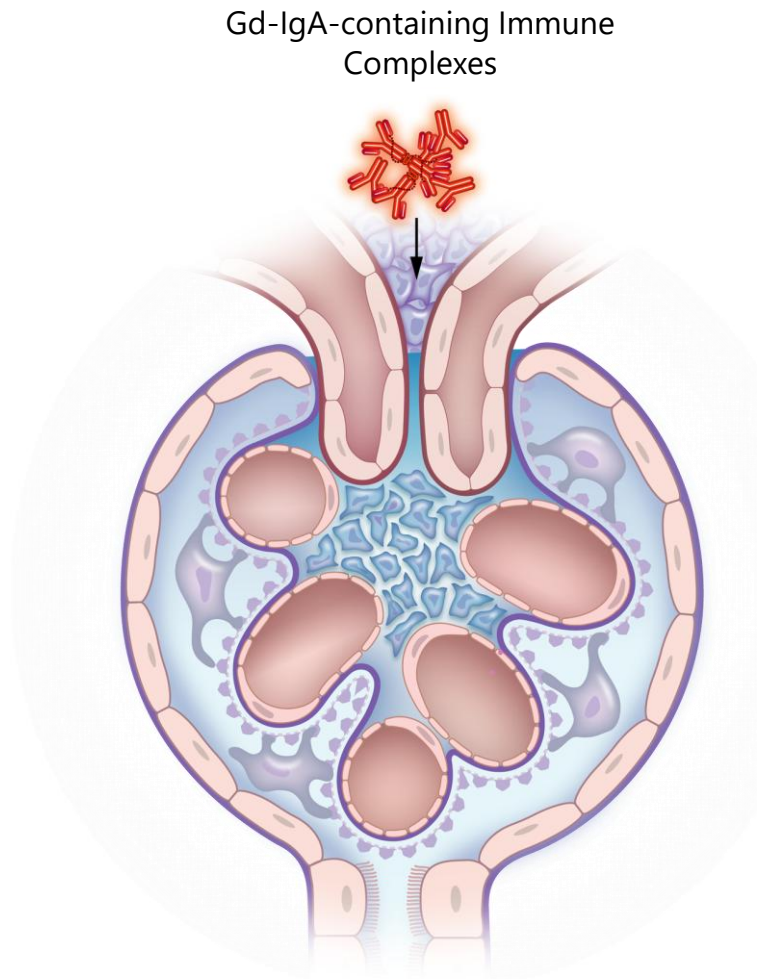
Inflammation and Tissue Injury

Complement Cascade

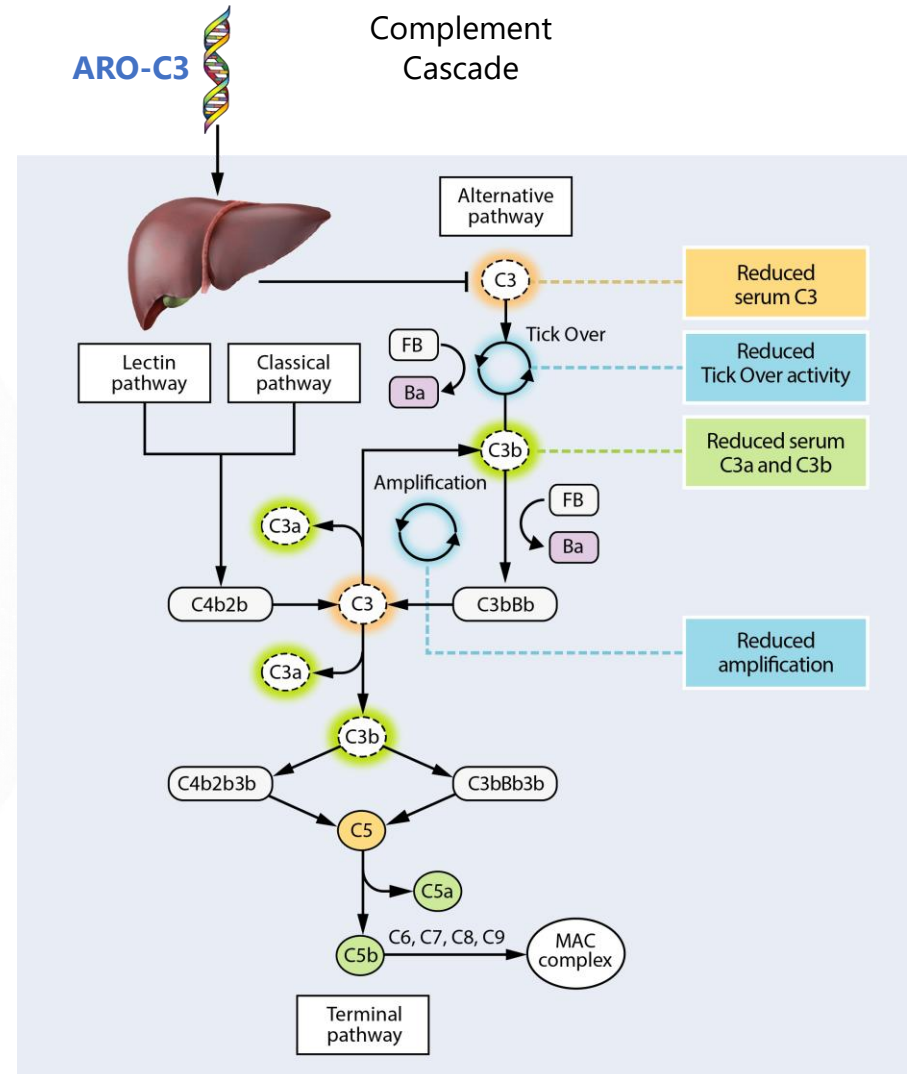


# ARO-C3 Reduces Serum C3 and Inhibits Complement Activation

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Reduced Inflammation and Tissue Injury

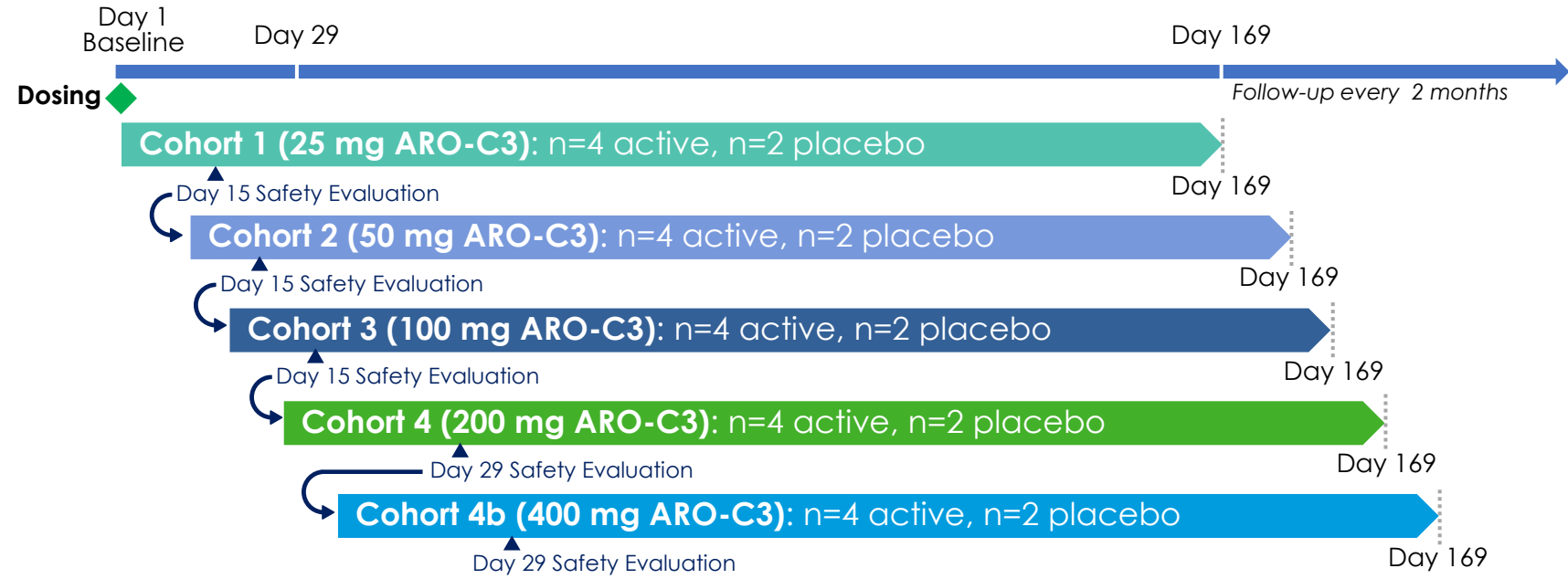


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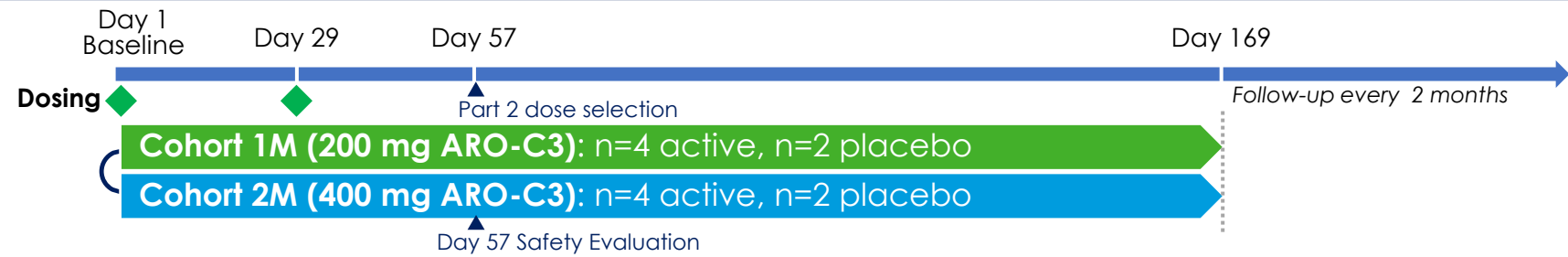
# AROC3-1001 Study Design, Part 1: Phase 1 Randomized, Placebo-Controlled SAD/MAD Study in Healthy Volunteers

## Single Ascending Dose



**400mg Dose Selected for Part 2 based on Part 1 Pharmacodynamic and Safety Data**

## Multiple Ascending Dose



MAD = multiple ascending dose; SAD = single ascending dose.

# AROC3-1001 Study Design, Part 2: Open-Label Phase 2a in Patients with IgA Nephropathy

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400mg Dose  
Selected for Part 2  
based on Part 1  
Pharmacodynamic  
and Safety Data

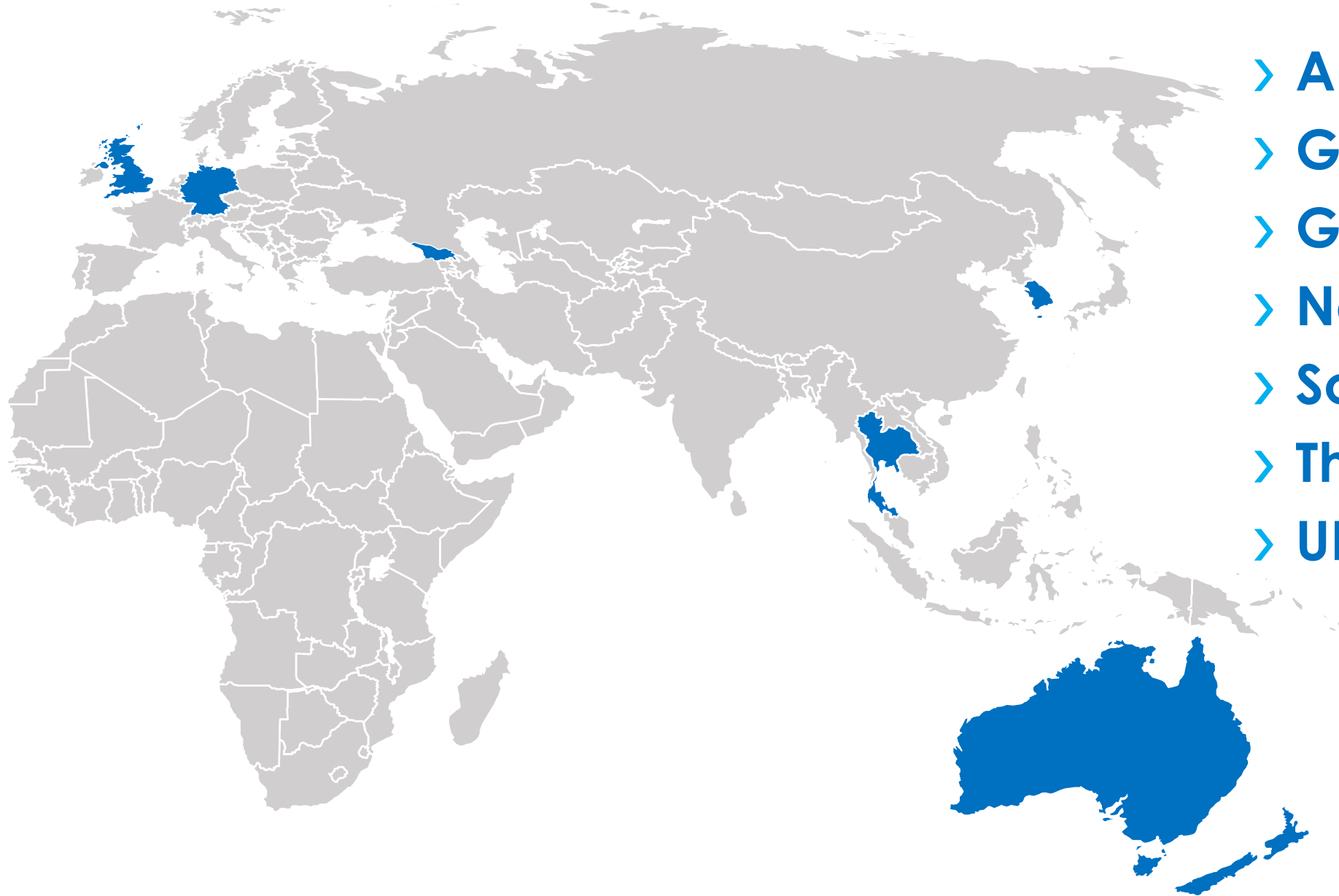
## Repeat Dose



# Study Endpoints

- **Primary:** Incidence, frequency, and severity of treatment-emergent adverse events (TEAEs)
- **Secondary:** Plasma Pharmacokinetics (PK) of ARO-C3
- **Exploratory:**
  - Serum Complement Levels
  - Complement Function:
    - Total complement activity, hemolytic (CH50)
    - Alternative pathway activity, hemolytic (AH50)
    - Wieslab Alternative Pathway (AP) Immunoassay
  - Efficacy (IgAN Patients only)
    - Renal Function (eGFR)
    - Spot and 24hr Urine Parameters
    - Hematuria

# Recruitment at 26 sites in 7 Countries



- › Australia
- › Georgia
- › Germany
- › New Zealand
- › South Korea
- › Thailand
- › UK

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# Part 1: Phase 1 Randomized, Placebo-Controlled SAD/MAD Study in Healthy Volunteers

## Baseline Characteristics and Demographics

### Healthy volunteers received vaccination against:

- *N. meningitidis* (two weeks prior to dosing with booster at Day 57)
- *S. pneumoniae* (PCV13 two weeks prior to dosing, PPSV23 at Day 57)
- *H. influenzae* (two weeks prior to dosing)

### Antibiotic prophylaxis required by protocol:

- Ciprofloxacin 500mg BID x 14 days
- Penicillin 500mg daily until AH50 & CH50 were  $\geq$  LLN or  $\geq$  approximate Day 1 baseline (if  $<$ LLN)

Baseline Characteristics		
Parameter	Pooled Placebo (N=14)	Pooled Active (N=28 <sup>†</sup> )
Age (years)	33.0 (10.7)	30.8 (11.8)
Sex (%M)	5 (35.7%)	10 (35.7%)
BMI (kg/m <sup>2</sup> )	25.4 (4.5)	25.7 (4.3)
C3 (mg/dL)	94.8 (15.8)	96.7 (12.7)
AH50 (U/mL)	112.6 (13.8)	115.7 (19.0)
Wieslab AP (%)	118.5 (99.8)	129.4 (100.7)

<sup>†</sup> One subject in MAD 400mg group withdrew at Week 12 for non-safety related reasons.

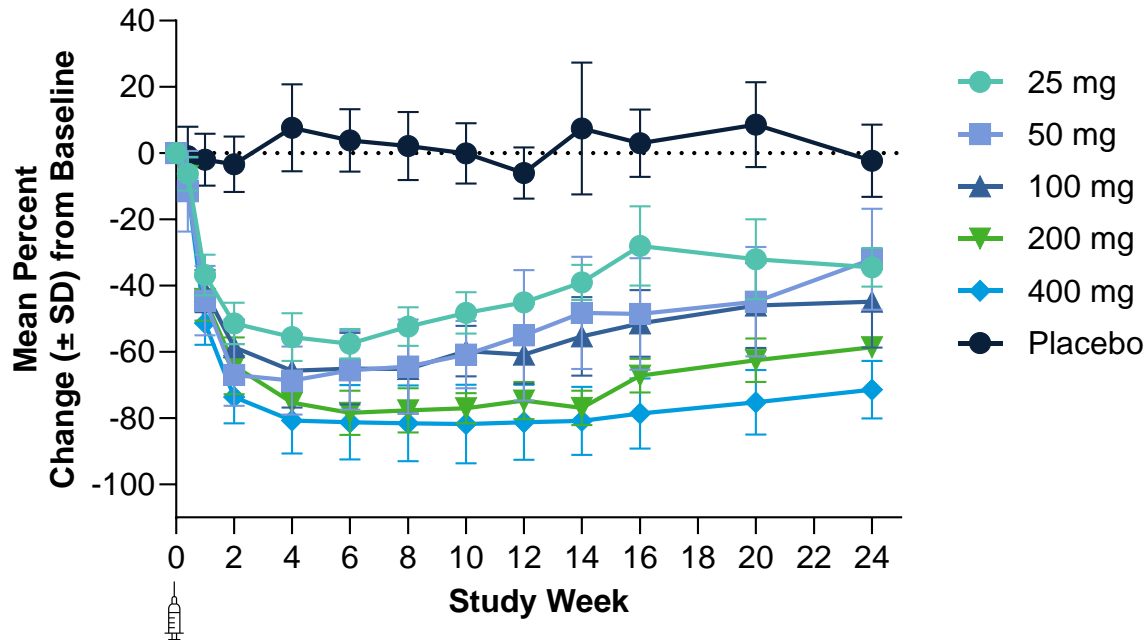
AH50 = alternative pathway activity (hemolytic); BID  $\approx$  twice daily; BMI = body mass index; LLN: lower limit of normal; PCV13 = 13-valent pneumococcal conjugate vaccine; PPSV23 = 23-valent pneumococcal polysaccharide vaccine.

# ARO-C3 Reduces Serum C3 in Healthy Volunteers Up to 88% from Baseline after Two Doses

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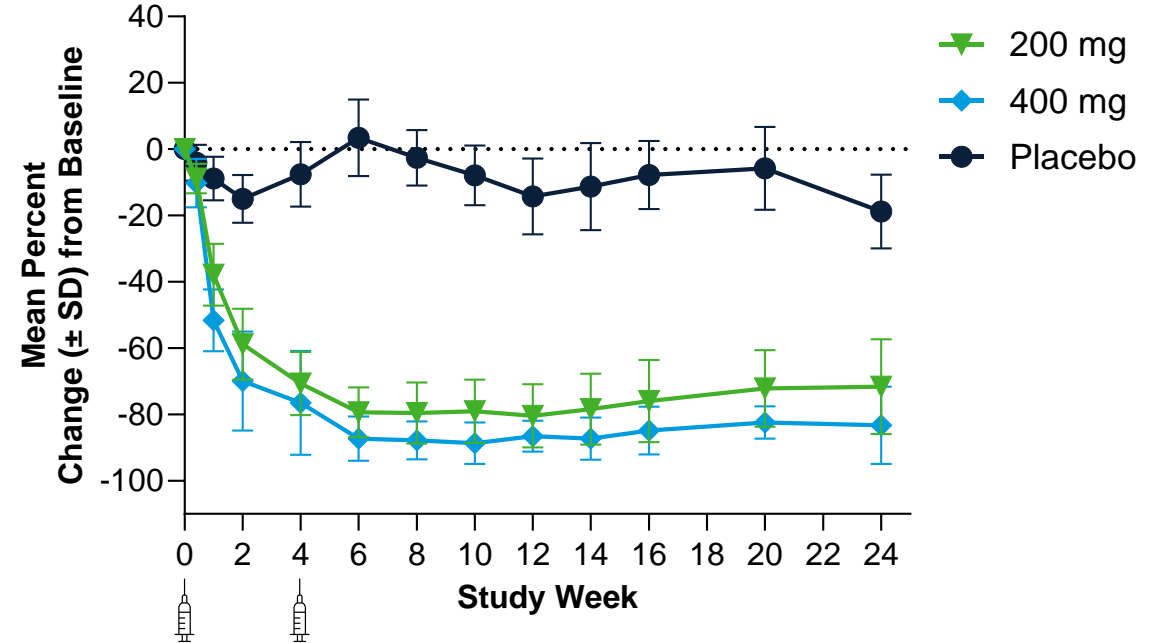


## Single Dose Cohorts



Up to **82%** mean reduction in C3 sustained through week 16 after a single 400mg dose

## Multiple Dose Cohorts



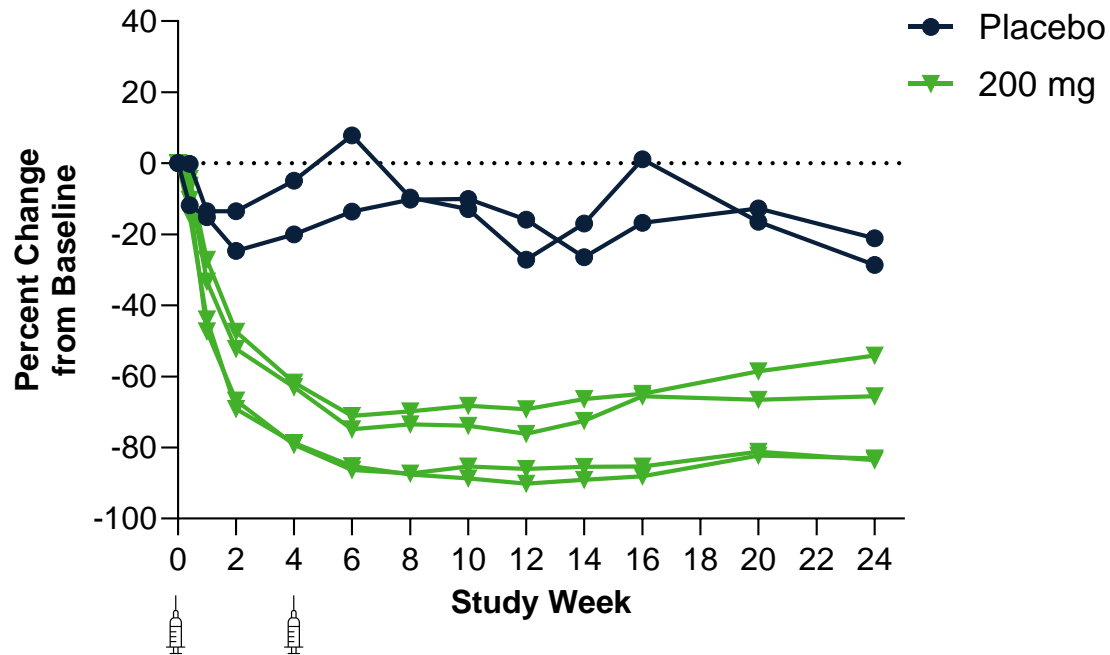
Up to **88%** mean reduction in C3 sustained through week 16 after two 400mg doses

# Individual Reductions in Serum C3 of up to 93% After Two Doses of ARO-C3

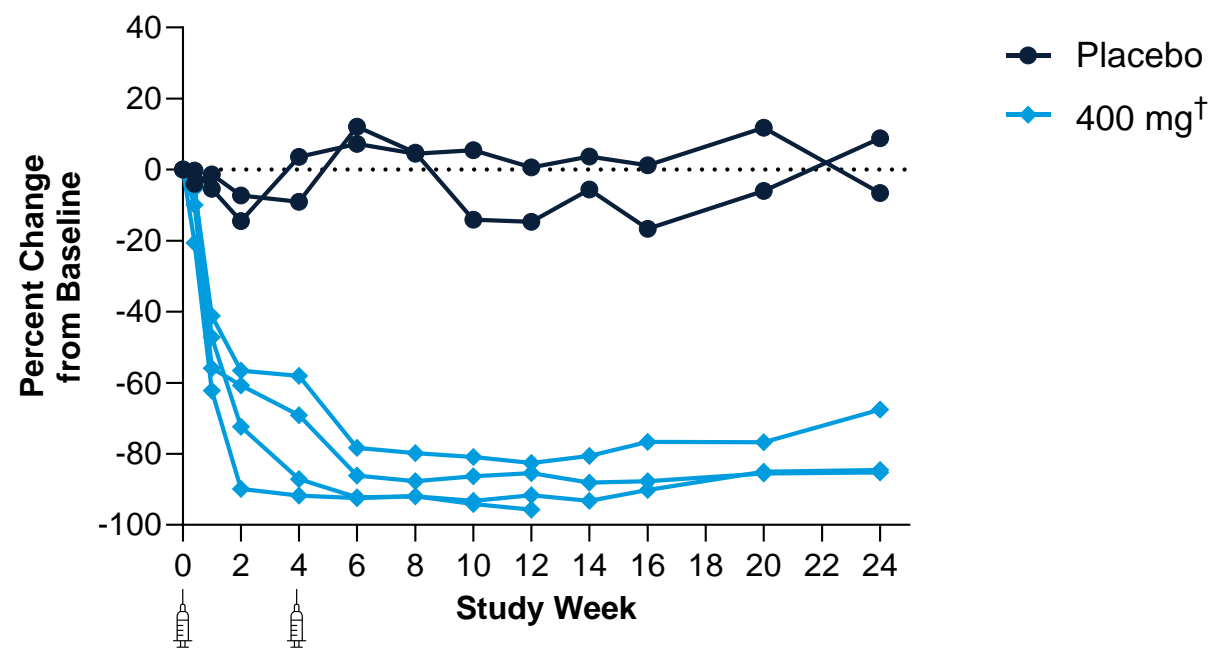
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## Multiple Dose Cohorts - Individuals



## Multiple Dose Cohorts - Individuals

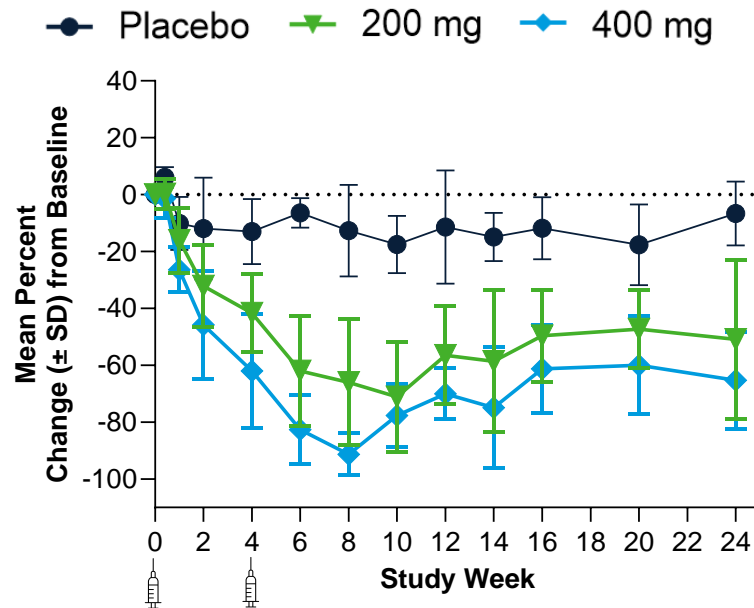


Maximum individual C3 reductions of **90%** and **93%** after two doses of 200 mg and 400mg, respectively

\*One subject in MAD 400mg group withdrew at Week 12 for non-safety related reasons. Baseline defined as the last pre-dose measurement.

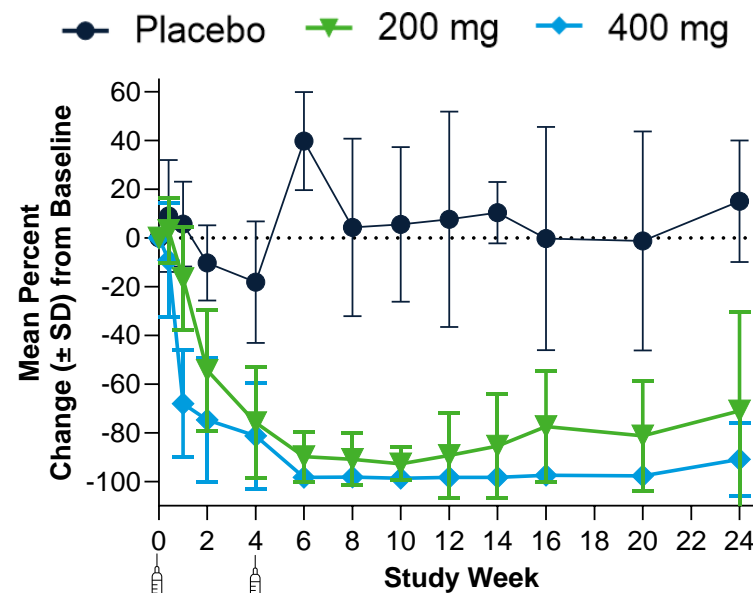
# Reductions of >90% in Alternative Pathway and >60% in Classical Pathway Activity after Two Doses of ARO-C3 in Healthy Volunteers

## AH50



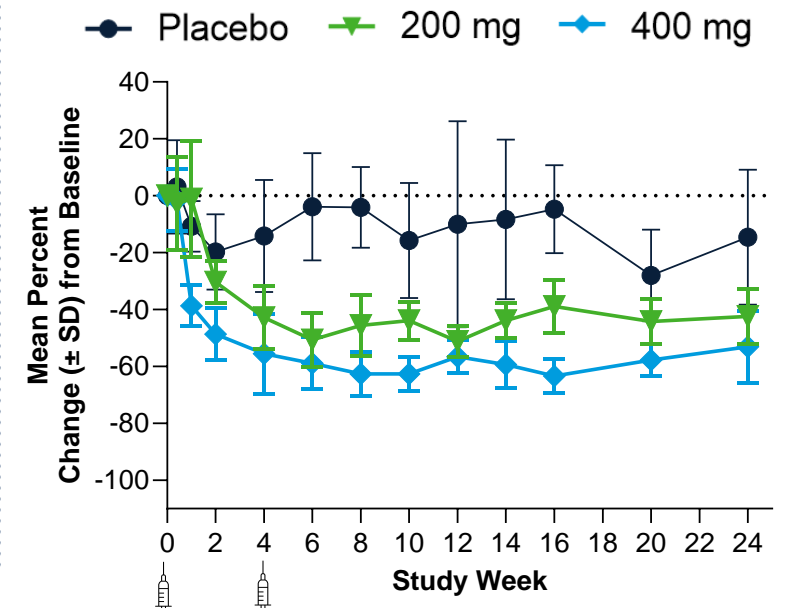
**91%** mean reduction in AH50 at week 8 after two 400 mg doses

## Wieslab® AP



**99%** mean reduction in Wieslab® AP at week 8 after two 400mg doses

## CH50



**63%** mean reduction in CH50 at week 8 after two 400 mg doses

Baseline defined as the last pre-dose measurement. One subject in MAD 400mg group withdrew at Week 12 for non-safety related reasons. Wieslab AP results were calculated per the assay manufacturer's recommended NC/PC (Negative Control/Positive Control) semiquantitative method. **AH50** = alternative pathway activity (hemolytic); **AP** = alternative pathway; **CH50** = total complement activity (hemolytic).

# ARO-C3 Demonstrates a Favorable Safety Profile in Healthy Volunteers

- ARO-C3 was well-tolerated overall.
  - Most TEAEs were mild in severity.
  - No TEAEs led to study or study drug discontinuation.
- No infections with encapsulated organisms.
- Injection site reactions were all mild in severity & all resolved without sequelae.
- 1 SAE of “*Abdominal pain*” reported, attributed to pre-existing ovarian cysts and assessed as unrelated to study drug by both Sponsor and site investigator.
- Vaginal candidiasis likely related to use of prophylactic antibiotics.

Adverse Event	Pooled Active N=28 n (%)	Pooled Placebo N=14 <sup>†</sup> n (%)
<b>Headache</b>	12 (43)	5 (36)
<b>COVID-19</b>	8 (29)	5 (36)
<b>Upper Respiratory Infection</b>	7 (25)	5 (36)
<b>Vaccination-related</b>	5 (18)	4 (29)
<b>Nausea</b>	3 (11)	4 (29)
<b>Abdominal Pain</b>	4 (14)	3 (21)
<b>Fatigue</b>	2 (7)	3 (21)
<b>Injection Site Reactions</b>	5 (18)	0 (0)
<b>Vulvovaginal Candidiasis</b>	2 (7)	3 (21)

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<sup>†</sup>One subject in MAD 400mg group withdrew at Week 12 for non-safety related reasons.  
**TEAE** = treatment-emergent adverse event; **SAE** = serious adverse event.

# IgAN Study Population

## Key Inclusion Criteria

- Adults, 18 – 70 years old
- Renal biopsy demonstrating IgAN with positive C3 deposition within 5 years
- Proteinuria >750mg/day on a 24hr urine collection during Screening
- eGFR  $\geq 30$  mL/min/1.73m<sup>2</sup>
- Maximum recommended/tolerated dose of ACEi or ARB, with stable dose for at least 90 days
- Stable dose of any other anti-proteinuric, anti-hypertensive, or immunosuppressive therapies
- Vaccinated or willing to receive vaccination against *N. meningitidis*, *S. pneumoniae*, and *H. influenzae*

## Key Exclusion Criteria

- History of chronic or recurrent infection, including HIV, HBV, HCV
- Uncontrolled hypertension (BP  $\geq 160 / 100$  at Screening)
- Decline in eGFR  $\geq 50\%$  within 90 days of Screening
- Interstitial fibrosis / Tubular atrophy >50% on eligibility-defining biopsy.

# Part 2: Open-Label Phase 2a in Patients with IgA Nephropathy

## Baseline Characteristics and Demographics

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- All patients:
  - Received protocol-required vaccinations within 2 years, or
  - Were vaccinated per-protocol on the same schedule as healthy volunteers, or
  - Were vaccinated in accordance with local standards of care for patients starting complement inhibitors
- Antibiotic prophylaxis was permitted at the discretion of the investigator.
  - 2/14 (14%) patients received prophylactic antibiotics

Characteristic	Cohort 8 (IgAN, n = 14 <sup>†</sup> )
<b>Age, mean (SD)</b>	40 (11)
<b>Sex, male, n (%)</b>	5 (36)
<b>Race</b>	
<b>Asian, n (%)</b>	12 (86)
<b>White, n (%)</b>	2 (14)
<b>Serum C3, mean (SD)</b>	102.1 (18.5) mg/dL
<b>CH50, mean (SD)</b>	61.2 (18.7) U/mL
<b>Wieslab AP, mean (SD)<sup>‡</sup></b>	84.0 (13.3) %
<b>AH50, mean (SEM)</b>	131.6 (18.2)
<b>Serum creatinine, mean (SD)</b>	1.05 (0.35) mg/dL
<b>eGFR, mean (SD)</b>	80.6 (26.52) mL/min/1.73m <sup>2</sup>
<b>Spot UPCr, mean (SD)</b>	2051.1 (1431.4) mg/g
<b>Hematuria present, n (%)<sup>††</sup></b>	10 (71)
<b>Serum albumin, mean (SD)</b>	3.9 (0.66) g/dL
<b>SBP, mean (SD)</b>	128 (15) mmHg
<b>DBP, mean (SD)</b>	80 (11) mmHg
<b>ACEi/ARB use, n (%)</b>	13 (93)
<b>SGLT2 Inhibitor use, n (%)</b>	3 (21)

Baseline defined as the last pre-dose measurement. <sup>†</sup>One subject withdrew at Week 4 for non-safety related reasons. <sup>‡</sup>Wieslab AP results were calculated per the assay manufacturer's recommended NC/PC (Negative Control/Positive Control) semiquantitative method. <sup>††</sup> Hematuria defined as dipstick measurement  $\geq 1+$  at baseline. **AH50** = alternative pathway activity (hemolytic); **CH50** = total complement activity (hemolytic); **AP** = alternative pathway; **eGFR** = estimated glomerular filtration rate; **UPCr** = urine protein to creatinine ratio; **SBP** = systolic blood pressure; **DBP** = diastolic blood pressure; **ACEi** = angiotensin converting enzyme inhibitor; **ARB** = angiotensin receptor blocker; **SGLT2** = sodium-glucose cotransporter 2.

# Biopsy Characteristics

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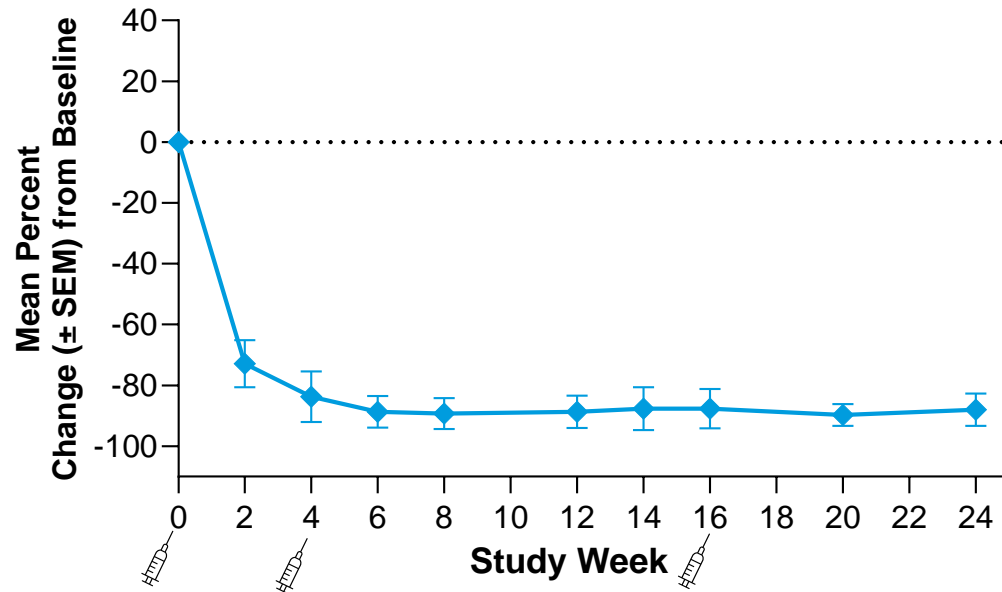
Characteristic	Cohort 8 (IgAN, n = 14 <sup>†</sup> )
<b>Time Since Biopsy, mean (SD)</b>	613 (543) days
<b>C3 Intensity, n (%)</b>	
1+   2+   3+	6 (43)   6 (43)   2 (14)
<b>M (mesangial hypercellularity), n (%)</b>	
M0 (<50%)   M1 (>50%)	9 (64)   5 (36)
<b>E (endocapillary hypercellularity):</b>	
E0 (none)	10 (71)
E1 (present in any glomeruli)	4 (29)
<b>S (segmental glomerulosclerosis):</b>	
S0 (absent)	0
S1 (present in any glomeruli)	14 (100)
<b>T (tubular atrophy / interstitial fibrosis):</b>	
T0 (0-25%)   T1 (26-50%)	9 (64)   5 (36)
<b>C (cellular or fibrocellular crescents)<sup>‡</sup>:</b>	
C0 (absent)	12 (86)
C1 (0-25% of glomeruli)	1 (7)

<sup>†</sup>One subject withdrew at Week 4 for non-safety related reasons. <sup>‡</sup>C score available for 13/14 patients.

# ARO-C3 Reduces Serum C3 in IgAN Patients up to 94% After Multiple 400mg Doses

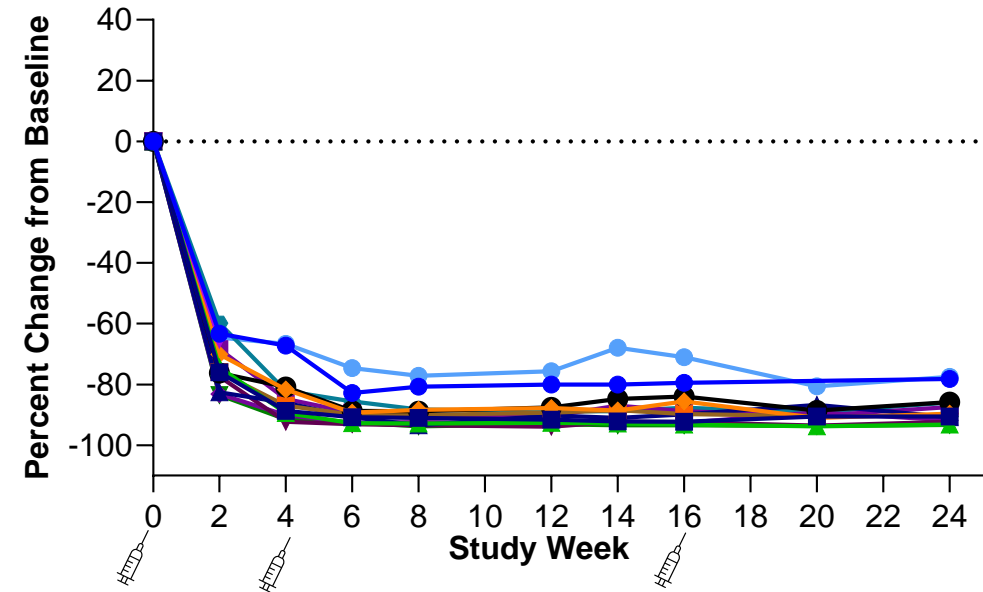
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## Mean Percent Change in Serum C3



Maximum mean reduction of **90%**  
Sustained reduction of **>87%** from  
baseline through Week 24<sup>†</sup>

## Percent Change in Serum C3



Maximum individual reduction of **94%** from baseline

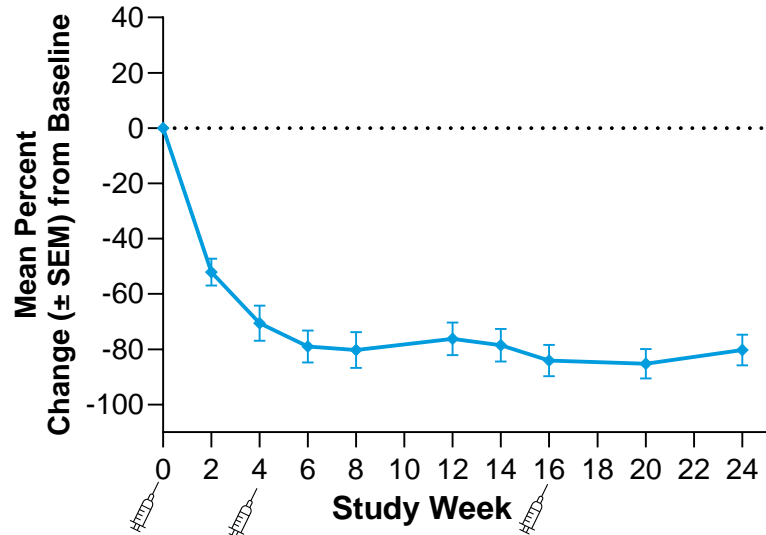
<sup>†</sup> Sustained (mean) reduction measured after second dose on Day 29 and through Week 24 (three doses total). Baseline defined as the last pre-dose measurement. One subject withdrew at Week 4 for non-safety related reasons.

# Maximum Reductions of >85% in Alternative Pathway and >60% in Classical Pathway Activity after Multiple Doses of ARO-C3 in IgAN Patients

in collaboration with

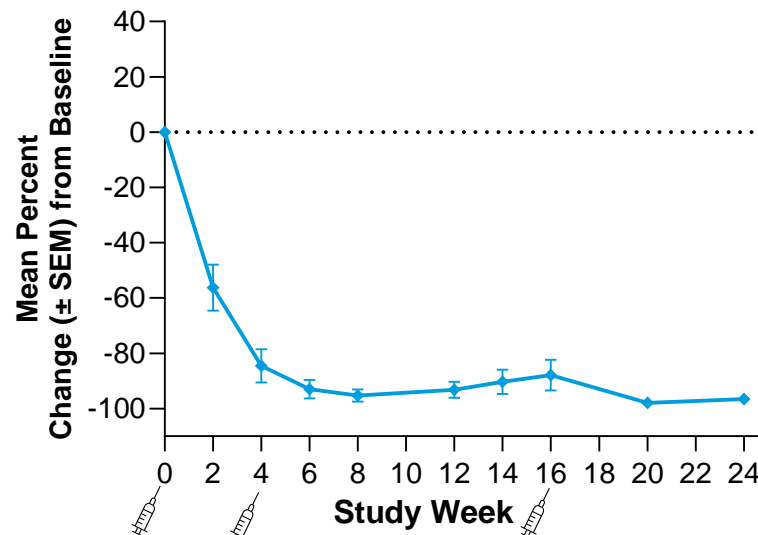


## AH50



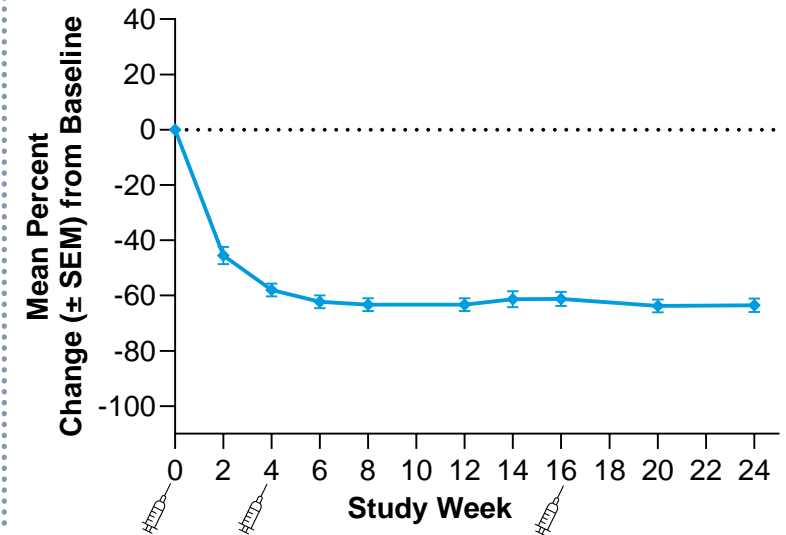
Maximum mean reduction of **85%**  
 Sustained reduction of **>76%** from  
 baseline through Week 24<sup>†</sup>

## Wieslab<sup>®</sup> AP



Maximum mean reduction of **98%**  
 Sustained reduction of **>87%** from  
 baseline through Week 24<sup>†</sup>

## CH50

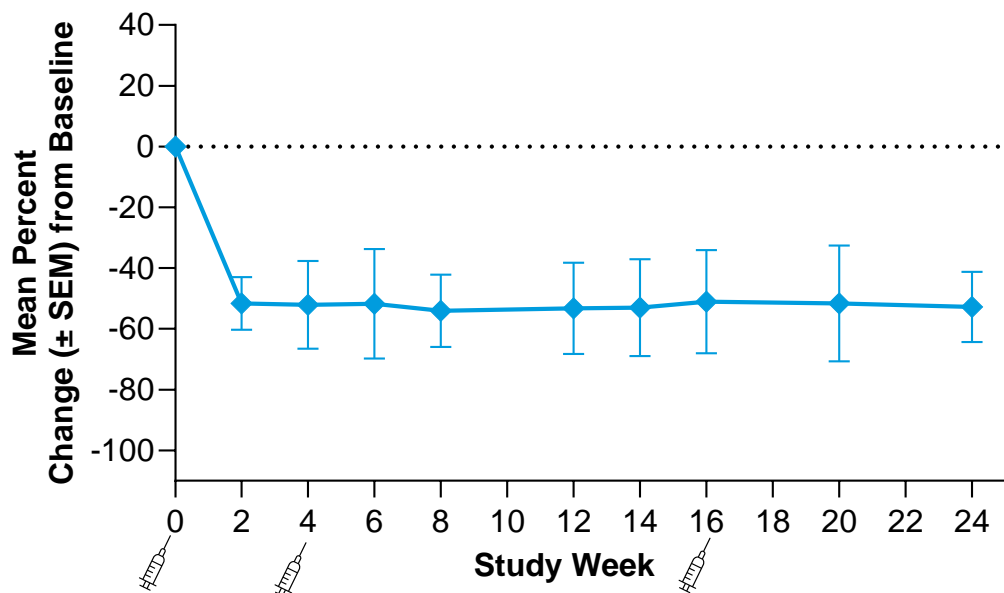


Maximum mean reduction of **64%**  
 Sustained reduction of **>61%** from  
 baseline through Week 24<sup>†</sup>

<sup>†</sup> Sustained (mean) reduction measured after second dose on Day 29 and through Week 24 (three doses total). Baseline defined as the last pre-dose measurement. One subject withdrew at Week 4 for non-safety related reasons. **AH50** = alternative pathway activity (hemolytic); **CH50** = total complement activity (hemolytic); **AP** = alternative pathway.

# ARO-C3 Decreases Markers of AP Activation

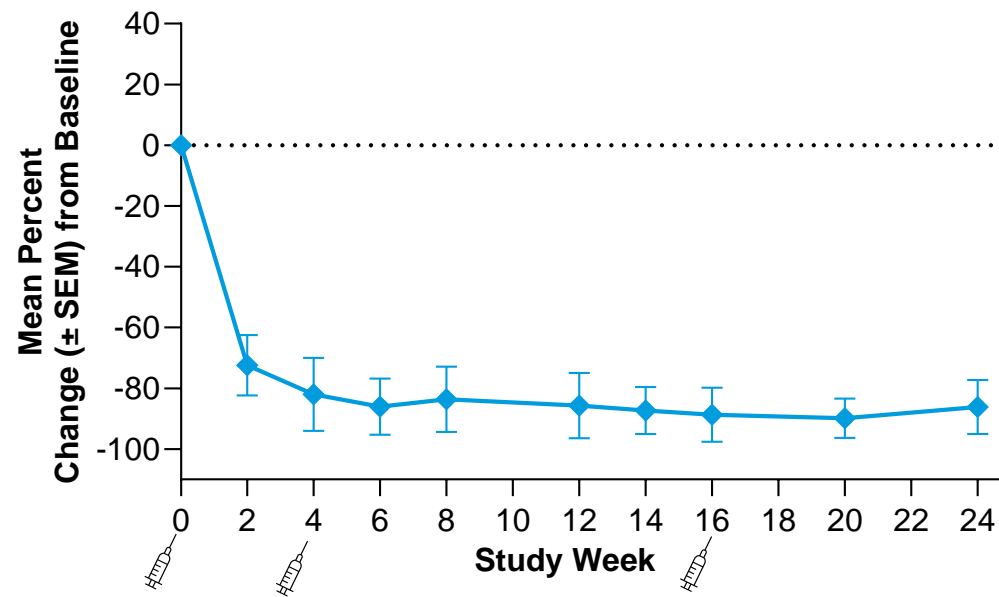
## Mean Percent Change in Serum Bb



Maximum mean reduction of **54%**

Sustained reduction of **>50%** from  
baseline through Week 24<sup>†</sup>

## Mean Percent Change in Serum C3b



Maximum mean reduction of **90%**

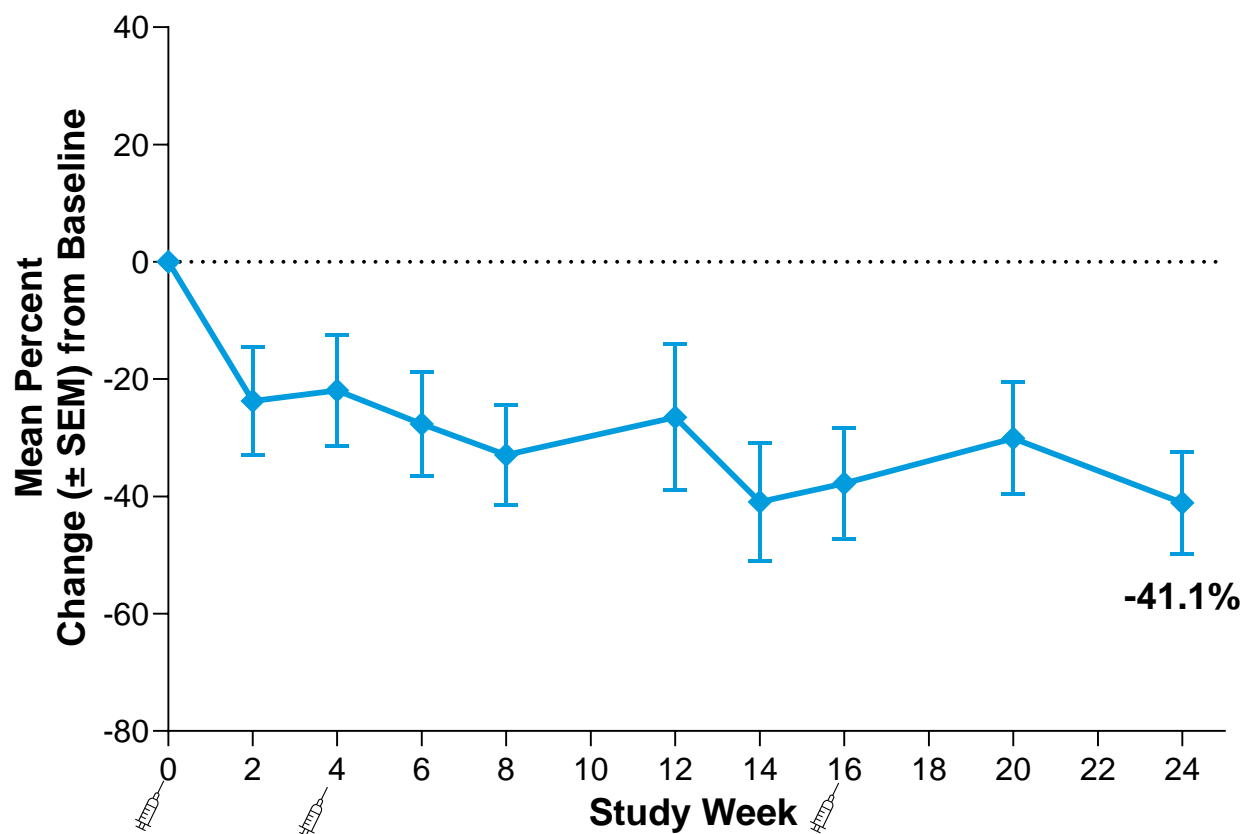
Sustained reduction of **>83%** from  
baseline through Week 24<sup>†</sup>

<sup>†</sup> Sustained (mean) reduction measured after second dose on Day 29 and through Week 24 (three doses total). Baseline defined as the last pre-dose measurement. One subject withdrew at Week 4 for non-safety related reasons.

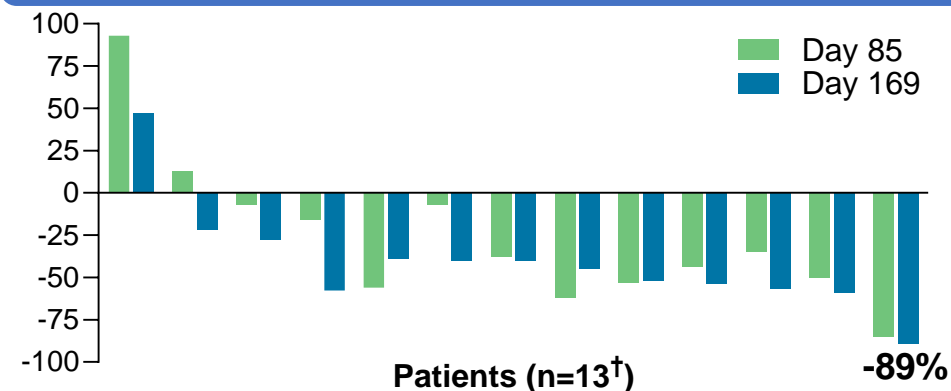
# Mean Proteinuria Reduction of 41.1% in Spot UPCR at Week 24

in collaboration with

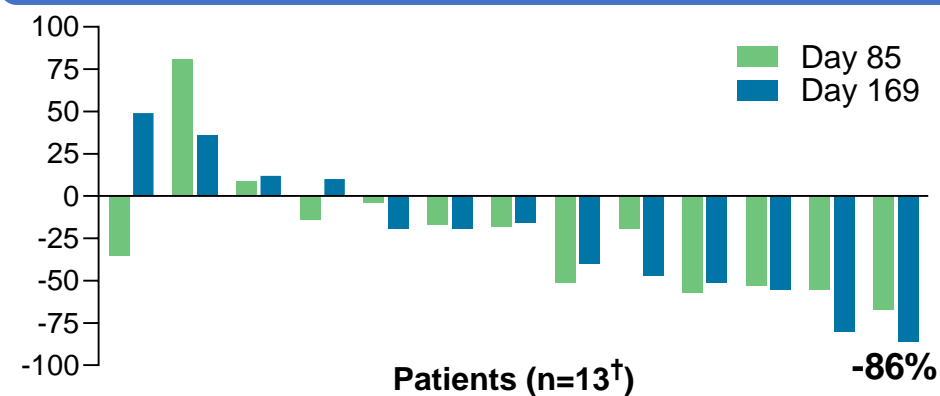
## Percent Change in Spot UPCR



## Individual Percent Change in Spot UPCR



## Individual Percent Change in 24hr UPCR



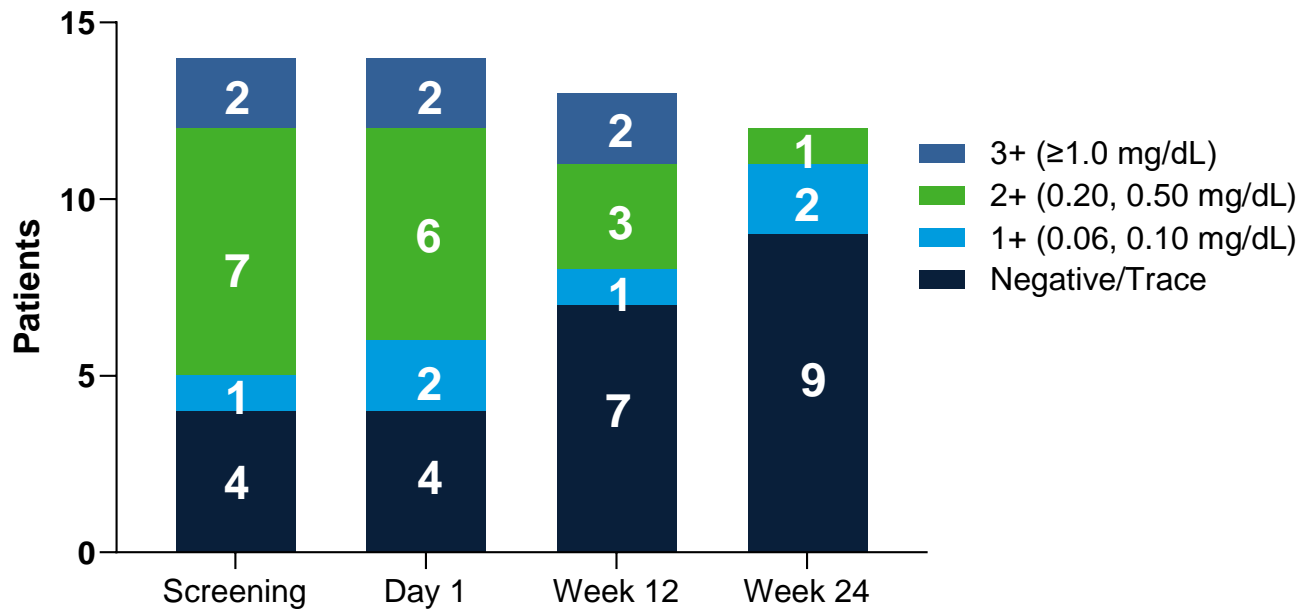
† One subject withdrew at Week 4 for non-safety related reasons. Baseline for spot samples defined as the last pre-dose measurement; for 24hr samples, all values (incl. baseline) represent an average from valid samples obtained at relevant timepoints (Screening, D85, and D169).

# Improvement in Hematuria and Stable eGFR through Week 24

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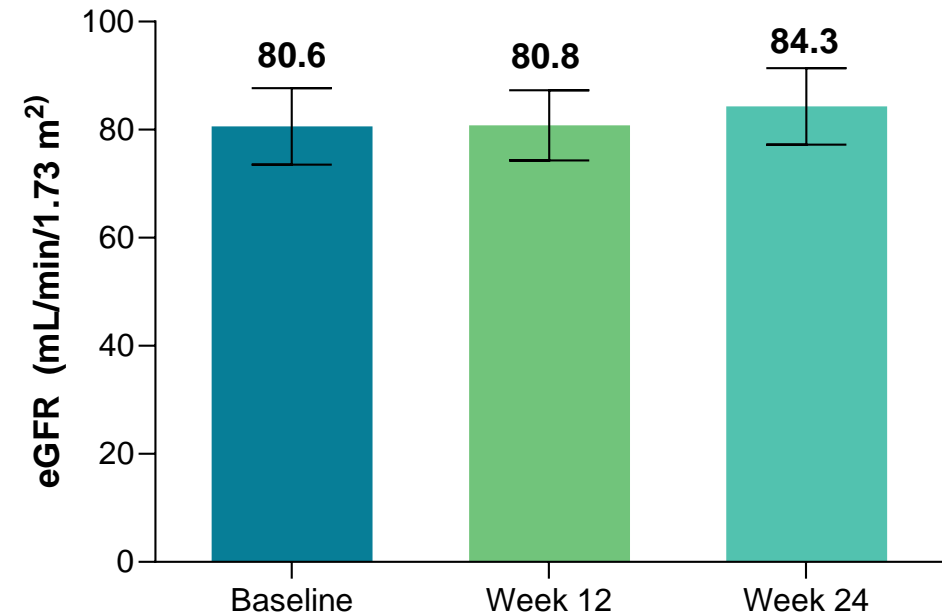


## Hematuria Over Time



By week 24, only **3 of 12 (25%)** had 1+ or greater hematuria by dipstick, compared to **10 of 14 (71.4%)** pre-dose.

## eGFR Over Time



Estimated GFR stable over the treatment period.

One subject withdrew at Week 4 for non-safety related reasons. Baseline defined as the last pre-dose measurement.

# ARO-C3 Demonstrates Favorable Safety Profile in Patients with IgAN

in collaboration with



- ARO-C3 was well-tolerated overall.
  - All TEAEs were mild or moderate in severity.
  - No TEAEs led to study or study drug discontinuation.
- No infections with encapsulated organisms.
- Only one subject with injection site reactions, both mild and resolved without sequelae.

	IgAN, N=14 <sup>†</sup> n (%)
<b>Any TEAE</b>	11 (78.6)
<b>Serious TEAEs</b>	0
<b>Severe TEAEs</b>	0
<b>TEAEs leading to study or study drug discontinuation</b>	0
<b>Infections with Encapsulated Organisms</b>	0
<b>Most common TEAEs (&gt;1 patient), n (%)</b>	
Headache	2 (14.3)
Cough	2 (14.3)
Nasopharyngitis	2 (14.3)

<sup>†</sup>One subject withdrew at Week 4 for non-safety related reasons.  
**TEAE** = treatment-emergent adverse event; **SAE** = serious adverse event.

# Conclusions

- ARO-C3 was well-tolerated and had a **favorable safety profile at all dose levels** evaluated across SAD, MAD, and CMRD cohorts.
- In patients with IgAN, administration of ARO-C3 400mg led to **robust reductions in serum C3** and measures of **alternative and classical complement activity**.
- **Improvements in proteinuria and hematuria** at 24 weeks suggest potent disease-modifying activity.
- The observed **duration of effect supports quarterly dosing** in later phase studies.
- AROC3-1001 is the **first clinical study** demonstrating proteinuria reduction in patients with IgAN using an siRNA targeting complement C3 – our findings support the continued development of ARO-C3 as a treatment for IgA Nephropathy.

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*Our heartfelt gratitude to the  
investigators, coordinators, staff,  
patients, and their families.*

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